

# RIVALS FOR CATAN™

Welcome to *Rivals for Catan*™!

The game you are holding in your hands is the completely revised new edition of the “Catan Card Game,” first published in Germany in 1996. Even if you are already familiar with the previous game, you should still read all of these instructions. Even though many things may seem familiar to you, there have been several important changes.

The rules and the game are organized so that you are introduced to your principality and the basic game mechanisms by playing the short Introductory Game. In this context, only about half of the cards included in the game are used. Once you feel comfortable in your role as the prince or princess, you may proceed to play the “Theme Sets.” Each of these sets introduces more cards and game mechanisms—step by step.

When playing one of the Theme Games, you take a virtual tour through Catanian history. In the Introductory Game, “The First Catanians,” you are in the early days of the settlement of Catan as described in the novel “Die Siedler von Catan” (*The Settlers of Catan*) by Rebecca Gablé. In each of the Theme Games, you travel to a different era of Catan’s past—which are not yet documented. (At [www.catan.com](http://www.catan.com), you can find further information about the history of Catan and its thematic realization in *The Rivals for Catan*.)

Once you have played each of the three Theme Games, you should be familiar with all of the cards included in the game. Then you can proceed to “The Duel of the Princes” and use cards from all of the Theme Sets. But first things first. Let’s begin with the Introductory Game: “The First Catanians.”

## This game includes:

- 180 cards:
  - 1 Basic Set with 94 cards
  - 1 “The Era of Gold” Theme Set with 27 cards
  - 1 “The Era of Turmoil” Theme Set with 28 cards
  - 1 “The Era of Progress” Theme Set with 31 cards
- 2 plastic game pieces: 1 hero token, 1 trade token
- 2 dice: 1 production die (the die with numbers),  
1 event die (the die with symbols)

# INTRODUCTORY GAME THE FIRST CATANIANS

## Initial Steps . . .

First you are going to be guided through the game setup.

### A Little Bit of Sorting

Sort the cards using their backs (as shown at the right). The cards used in the Introductory Game are called the “**Basic Set.**” These cards are also used in each of the 3 Theme Games.

The other cards are used in the **Theme Games** as indicated by the backs of the cards:

- “The Era of Gold” (1),
- “The Era of Turmoil” (2),
- “The Era of Progress” (3).

Put these cards back in the box.

Now take the cards with the red shields. Your *principality* at the start of the game consists of these 9 cards—they are your “starting cards.”

*Note: The other 7 stacks are: your opponent’s starting cards (blue shield), event cards (“?”), and 5 stacks of the cards that you use to expand your principality during play.*

## Your Principality

First, you need to get to know your principality. To start the game, it consists of 6 different regions and 2 settlements connected by a road. Place your cards aligned towards you as shown above. The region cards must be placed so that the text indicating the type of region is at the bottom left of each card.

**Basic Set**

Starting Cards for the red player

**Your Principality:**

# RULES

## Regions

As the prince or princess, you have a steady income. You receive this income in the form of *resources*: lumber, wool, gold, brick, ore, and grain. Each resource is produced by one of your *regions*: forest, pasture, gold field, hills, mountains, or fields.

How much you have of a certain resource is indicated by the orientation of the corresponding region. The edge of the region card closest to you is crucial in this context. At the beginning of the game, each region—except for the center-top gold field—is aligned so that its edge with 1 resource symbol is closest to you. This means that you have exactly 1 of each of these resources stored and available for use. You do not start with gold, so your gold field card starts with its “no resource” edge closest to you.

During the game, you receive resources and spend them. When you receive 1 resource, rotate the card 90° counter-clockwise so that its edge with one **more** resource is closest to you. When you spend 1 resource, rotate the card 90° clockwise. You can thus store between 0 and 3 resources in a region. If you already have 3 resources stored in a region and receive another resource there, you won't be able to store it—the additional resource is lost.



## Settlements

Settlements are the centerpieces of your principality. Each *settlement* is worth 1 victory point.

You need victory points to win. A settlement also provides 2 empty *building sites* for expansion cards (buildings or units), one above and one below the settlement. You may also upgrade settlements to cities—you'll learn how to do this later.

## Roads

Your two starting settlements are connected by a *road*. In order to build an additional settlement and extend your principality, you must first place a road adjacent to your left or right settlement—in one of the building sites shown above. Roads allow you to build additional settlements. That is their only function.

# RULES

## Your Opponent Finds Their Principality

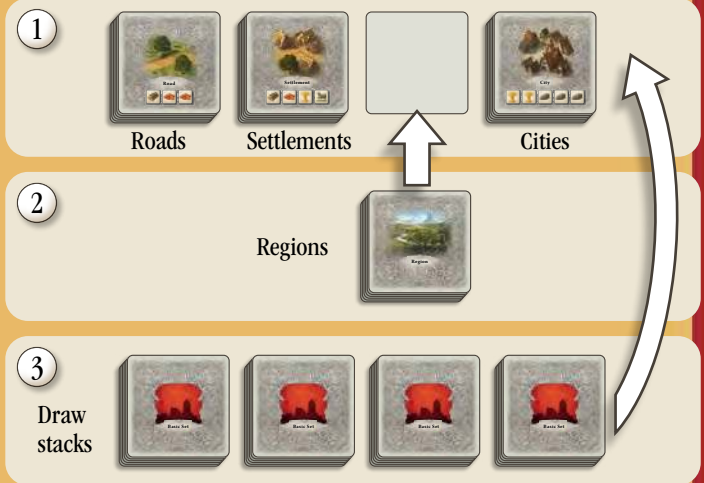
You did it! Now you know your principality. Your opponent, who should be facing you, uses the starting cards marked with the blue shields to set up their own principality. Their cards are aligned towards them. So your opponent now has a principality with the same structure as yours. However, the numbers on the regions are distributed differently. So, let's move on to the game itself.



## Other Preparations

You and your opponent each have a principality in front of you. Now organize the remaining cards of the Basic Set as follows:

(1) Place the 3 stacks containing roads, settlements, and cities face up between the principalities. Since the cards in each stack are identical, you don't need to shuffle them. Leave room for another stack between the settlement cards and the city cards.



- (2) Shuffle the region card stack and place it face down between the settlement card stack and the city card stack.
- (3) Shuffle the 36 cards whose backs show the Basic Set symbol. Divide these cards into 4 stacks of 9 cards each and place them next to the city card stack. These stacks are called "draw stacks."
- (4) Turn the event cards face up. Put the cards that do **not** have the Basic Set symbol in the box. Keep the *Yule* card separate. Shuffle the remaining event cards face down.

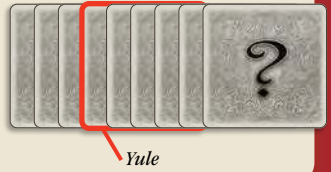


# RULES

- (5) Place 3 cards from the shuffled event cards face down to start the event deck. Place the *Yule* card face down on top of these 3 cards, then place the remaining event cards—also face down—on top of the *Yule* card. Place the entire stack next to the other card stacks.

The illustration below shows the finished game setup. You and your opponent are facing each other—each with a principality facing towards yourselves. The stacks containing roads, settlements, regions, and cities as well as the draw stacks and the event card stack are positioned between the principalities.

- 5 Assembling the event card stack



## THE GAME BEGINS



Each player rolls the dice. The high roller is the *starting player* and draws the 3 top cards from one of the 4 draw stacks. Then the other player draws the 3 top cards from a different draw stack. These cards form the player's *hand*. You should always conceal the cards in your hand from your opponent.



## GAME TURN



You and your opponent alternate taking turns. When taking your turn, you are the *active player*. The turn sequence is always executed as follows:

- **Rolling the Dice:** Roll both dice and resolve the results.
- **Taking Your Action Phase:** In any order and as often as desired: play cards and trade resources.
- **Replenishing Your Hand:** Check the number of cards in your hand and, if need be, draw or discard one or more cards.
- **Exchanging a Card from Your Hand:** If need be, exchange a card from your hand.

### 1. Rolling the Dice

Roll the production die and the event die at the beginning of your turn.

First, let's have a look at the production die—it has the numbers 1 through 6. The production die result determines what new resources **each** player receives. Each region whose number matches the production die result receives 1 resource—that is, the region is rotated 90° counterclockwise (see the example on the right). At the beginning of the game, each number (1-6) is on exactly one of your 6 regions. This may change as the game progresses. If the numbers on multiple regions match the production die result, you receive 1 resource in each of those regions.

The event die result determines which random event occurs. This will be explained later (see page 12—Event Die). Now let's examine the other parts of the turn sequence.

#### Example of Resource Production



*On Their first turn, player A rolls a “6.” A’s fields region has the number 6, so they receives 1 grain. A indicates this by rotating the fields region 90° so that its side showing 2 grain symbols is now aligned towards them. Player B also receives 1 resource in their region marked with a “6”; in this case, it is a mountains region. B thus receives 1 ore and indicates this in the same fashion as A did.*

# RULES

## 2. Taking Your Action Phase

An action is playing a card or trading. The number of actions you may take is only limited by your available cards and resources.

### a) Playing the Cards in Your Hand

During your action phase, you may play cards from your hand. At the bottom of each card is either a yellow or a green text box.

A card with a green text field is a “settlement/city expansion.” In order to place it in your principality, you must pay the resources (building costs) indicated on the card. A card with a yellow text box and an “A” in the upper left corner is an “action card”—it costs nothing to play.

### Settlement/City Expansions

A settlement/city expansion must always be placed on an empty *building site* adjacent to a settlement/city. Once placed, it provides permanent advantages for the rest of the game. There are two different types of settlement/city expansions: buildings and units. Units are further subdivided into heroes and trade ships.

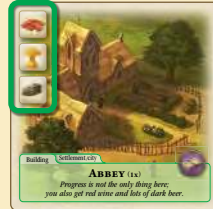
To add an expansion from your hand to a settlement or city, place the card on an empty building site and pay the building costs indicated on the card. From then on, you may use the building or unit along with any associated effect.

**Please note:** Some cards are marked “1x”. This means that you may only have one of these cards in your principality.

### Action Cards

Action cards are always played from your hand and have immediate effect. To play an action card, read the text on the card to your opponent and resolve the action. Then place the card face up on a discard pile used by both players. This removes the card from play.

### Building Costs



**Green text box = Settlement/city expansion.**  
This card may be placed in your principality.



**Yellow text box = Action card.**  
This card may be played from your hand and placed on the discard pile.

### Example for Paying the Building Costs



You place an Abbey. Pay the building costs by rotating the fields, mountains, and hills region 90° clockwise. Afterwards, you still have 1 grain, 1 lumber, and 1 wool but no more brick and ore.

## b) Playing the Center Cards

There are 4 stacks of cards between the two players: *roads*, *settlements*, *cities*, and *regions* (associated with the settlements). The roads, settlements, and cities are called *center cards*, because these cards lie between the two players and both players have direct access to them. The active player can build any available road or settlement center card directly by paying the building costs indicated on that card's back. A city center card requires that its building costs be paid **and** that a settlement be available to upgrade.

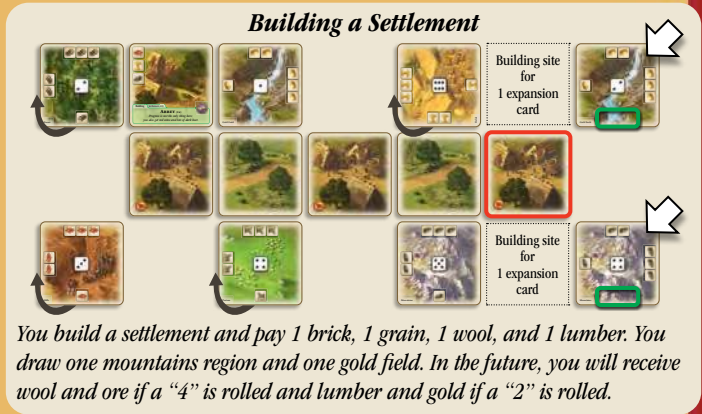
### Building a Road

You need roads to extend your principality. There must always be exactly 1 road between 2 settlements. So if you want to build a new settlement, you first have to build a road.

### Building a Settlement

A settlement may only be built adjacent to the open end of a road (i.e., its open left or right edge). You get a number of advantages from new settlements:

- Each settlement is worth 1 victory point.
- Each settlement provides 2 new building sites (1 above and 1 below the settlement).
- When you build a new settlement, you also receive the 2 top cards from the region stack. Place these regions adjacent to the unoccupied corners of the settlement, aligned so that the edge with zero resource symbols is closest to you.





# RULES

## Building a City

Settlements can be upgraded to cities. When you build a city, you pay the building costs and place the city on top of an existing settlement. For the rest of the game, the settlement card remains underneath the city card. You get advantages from a city:

- Each city is worth 2 victory points. (The victory point of the settlement underneath is **not** counted.)
- Each city provides 2 additional building sites. Now you can place 2 settlement/city expansions above and 2 below the city.

**Important:** Cards on an additional building site are also considered adjacent to the diagonally contiguous regions.

### Building a City

Additional Building Site

You pay 3 ore and 2 grain and place the city on one of your settlements.



## c) Trading Resources

Sometimes you may have too many of one resource and not enough of another. In such cases, you may exchange your resources for other resources.

### Regular Exchange Rate

You can always trade 3 for 1. Pay 3 resources of the same type and receive any 1 different resource of your choice. The resources paid can be taken from various regions of the same type.

### Example: Regular Exchange Rate



You trade 3:1 – pay 3 ore (from 2 regions) and take 1 wool in return.

### Improved Exchange Rate

If you have a trade ship in your principality, your trade rate improves to 2 for 1. Pay 2 resources of the resource type indicated by the trade ship and receive any 1 different resource of your choice. The resources paid can be taken from various regions of the same type.

### Example: Improved Exchange Rate



You have an Ore Ship in your principality. You pay 2 ore and take 1 wool.

## RULES

### 3. Replenishing Your Hand

When you don't want to—or can't—take another action, you can end your turn. But first check to see whether you have as many cards in your hand as you are allowed to hold.

- At the end of your turn, you may have no more than 3 cards in your hand. In addition, you may hold 1 additional card for each card with a progress point (book symbol) you have in your principality.
- If you have fewer cards in your hand than you are allowed to hold, draw cards until you have the number of cards allowed. For this purpose, randomly draw cards from the tops of the draw stacks.
- If you have more cards in your hand than you are allowed to hold, you must discard cards until you have the number of cards allowed. Place discarded cards under your choice of draw stack(s).



Normally, you may have 3 cards in your hand. Building an *Abbey* allows you to increase the number of cards in your hand to 4.

Progress Point

Cards drawn to replenish your hand can't be used immediately—you must wait until your next turn.

### 4. Exchanging a Card from Your Hand

Once you have as many cards in your hand as you are allowed to hold, you may *exchange* 1 card from your hand for a card from one of the draw stacks. First place 1 card of your choice under any one of the draw stacks. Then you may either:

**Take a random card.** Draw the top card from a draw stack of your choice, OR

**Select a specific card.** Pay any 2 resources of your choice. Choose a draw stack and look at all of its cards. Then take 1 card of your choice from that stack.

Draw  
stacks



**Please note:** You may not change the order of the cards in the draw stack!

Cards you exchange can't be used immediately—you have to wait until your next turn.

Want more character in your game?  
With the Rivals card editor, it is easy to create  
cards with your own text and images. You can even  
add yourself to the world of *Rivals for Catan*.

<http://rivalseditor.catan.com/>



# OTHER RULES



## 1. Strength Advantage and Trade Advantage

Some cards have axe or scale symbols. Each axe symbol is worth 1 *strength point* and each scale symbol is worth 1 *commerce point*.



### Strength Advantage

You have the *strength advantage* if your principality has 3 or more strength points **and** you have more strength points than your opponent. Whenever you have the strength advantage, take the token that depicts an axe. This “hero token” is worth 1 victory point. Place it on one of your settlements/cities.

If you have the hero token and your strength points fall below 3 **or** below your opponent’s strength points, remove the hero token from your principality. Your opponent takes it if they have 3 or more strength points. Otherwise, set the hero token aside.

Strength Point

Strength Advantage

Hero Token = 1 Victory Point

### Trade Advantage

You have the *trade advantage* if your principality has 3 or more commerce points **and** you have more commerce points than your opponent. Whenever you have the trade advantage, take the token that depicts a scale. This “trade token” is worth 1 victory point. Place it on one of your settlements/cities.

If you have the trade token and your commerce points fall below 3 **or** below the number of commerce points owned by your opponent, remove the trade token from your principality. Your opponent takes it if they have 3 or more commerce points. Otherwise, set the trade token aside.

Commerce Point

Trade Advantage

Trade Token = 1 Victory Point

Skill Point

Progress Point

*Skill points* may give you an advantage when the event “Celebration” is rolled. *Progress points* allow you to increase the number of cards in your hand.

## 2. Skill Points and Progress Points

**Skill points:** Skill points are depicted on heroes. The symbol of skill is a *harp* inside a round green icon. Each skill point may give you an advantage when the “Celebration” event is rolled.

**Progress points:** On some buildings, progress points are depicted. The symbol of progress is a *book* inside a round purple icon. Each progress point allows you to hold 1 additional card in your hand.



## RULES

### 3. Event Die

At the beginning of each turn, roll the event die in addition to the production die. There are 5 different symbols on this die, each of them having a different effect.

Four of these symbols are black. When someone rolls a black symbol, an event occurs (see right) or the players may receive additional resources.

When someone rolls a red symbol, the brigands strike and both players may face negative effects, depending on the number of resources they have stored.

The color of the symbol rolled determines whether the result of the production die roll or the result of the symbol die roll is resolved first:

- If the symbol is the red club, a *Brigand Attack* takes place. Resolve it immediately—before resolving the result of the production die roll.
- If the symbol of the event die is black, resolve the result of the production die roll first. You and your opponent each receive your resource income. Afterwards, resolve the result of the event die roll.

If the event die result is a question mark, draw an event card and resolve it. Then return the card to the bottom of the event card stack.

If you draw the *Yule* card, prepare a new event card stack (see below). Then draw and resolve a new event card.

**To Prepare a New Event Deck** – (Set up the event deck exactly as you did to start the game.) Keep the *Yule* card separate. Shuffle the remaining event cards. Place 3 cards from the shuffled event cards face down. Place the *Yule* card face down on top of these 3 cards. Then place the remaining event cards on top of the *Yule* card.



**Brigand Attack:** A player who has more than 7 resources loses all their gold and wool supplies.



**Trade:** If one of the players has the trade advantage, they receive 1 resource of their choice from their opponent.



**Celebration:** If one of the players has the most skill points, they alone receive 1 resource of their choice. Otherwise, each player receives 1 resource of their choice.



**Plentiful Harvest:** Each player receives 1 resource of their choice.



**Event Card:** The player who rolled the dice draws the topmost event card and reads the event aloud. All players affected by the event resolve the event (it can be none, one, or both players).

# RULES

## THE GOAL & END OF THE GAME



The Introductory Game ends when a player has 7 (or more) victory points at the end of their turn and wins. Each settlement is worth 1 victory point and each city 2 victory points. In addition, having the hero token is worth 1 victory point and having the trade token is worth 1 victory point.



The principality depicted here belongs to a victorious player. She won the game with 2 cities, 1 settlement, the trade token, and the hero token.

The Card Index that starts on page 18 provides details on the use and effects of each card. Each card is listed according to the set it belongs to: the Basic Set or one of the Theme Sets. When questions arise, check this index for answers.

**Congratulations!** You have mastered the *Introductory Game* “*The First Catanians*.” Now you know all the basic rules of *Rivals for Catan*. If you feel comfortable using the Introductory Game rules and cards, you may start playing the Theme Games. Each provides a longer game and a more challenging and varied experience. The Theme Games not only introduce new cards but also provide entirely new card types and building possibilities.

To start using the Theme Sets, you should begin with “The Era of Gold.” However, you may want to play the Introductory Game a few more times in order to get more comfortable with the game flow and the “First Catanians” rules.

## PLAYING THE THEME GAMES

All the rules you already learned also apply in the Theme Games. However, the Theme Games add some new rules that are described below. Let's begin with the general additional rules that always apply when playing the Theme Sets. The special rules for the three individual sets will follow afterwards.

**Recommendations:** *Play the Theme Games in the order in which the rules are presented.*

*“The Era of Gold” introduces you to new card types and some simple requirements for action cards.*

*“The Era of Turmoil” brings some aggressive cards into play. You can use them to harass your opponent.*

*“The Era of Progress” is more peaceful. The focus is on the constructive development of both principalities.*

*Once you have mastered the Theme Games, you can combine various elements of the individual Theme Game strategies in “The Duel of the Princes.”*

## GENERAL RULES



### Preparation

#### 1. Event Card Stack

Always use the Basic Set event cards and the event cards from the appropriate Theme Set. First separate out the *Yule* card. Then shuffle the remaining event cards from the Basic Set and the particular Theme Set you have chosen. Take 3 cards from the shuffled cards and place the *Yule* card face down on top of them. Finally, place the remaining cards on top of the *Yule* card.



**Example “Event Card Stack”:** *In the Theme Game “The Era of Gold,” the event card stack consists of the Basic Set event cards and the 3 event cards from that specific Theme Set: Gift for the Prince, Traveling Merchant, and Trade Ships Race.*

#### 2. Face-up Expansion Card Stack

In each Theme Set, there are expansion cards that must be accessible to both players. Separate these cards out and place them as a face-up expansion card stack next to the draw stacks. These cards are never part of your hand. Instead, you may look through this stack, select the card you want to build, and pay the building costs as usual. Then place the card on an empty building site in your principality. Each card in the face-up expansion card stack is marked with a “(1x)” after the card name. You may only have 1 copy of each in your principality.

# RULES

## 3. Preparing the Draw Stacks

Shuffle the Basic Set cards whose backs show the Basic Set symbol. Organize these cards into 3 *Basic Set draw stacks* of 12 cards each. Separately shuffle the appropriate Theme Set cards not already in stacks. Organize these cards into 2 *Theme Set draw stacks*—each with an equal number of cards.



**Example “Draw Stacks”:** In “The Era of Gold,” the two Theme Set draw stacks and the face-up expansion card stack containing the two *Merchant Guilds* are placed next to the 3 Basic Set draw stacks.

## 4. Choosing the Starting Cards

You don’t draw your starting cards randomly from a stack like you’ve done in the Introductory Game. Instead, beginning with the starting player, each player chooses a Basic Set draw stack and selects 3 cards for a starting hand. You may not change the order of the cards in the draw stack.



**Example “Choosing Starting Cards”:** The player selects the cards *Storehouse*, *Parish Hall*, and *Merchant Caravan* from a Basic Set draw stack.

## 5. Rearranging Regions

After building your principality and taking your starting cards, you may rearrange your 6 regions.

## 6. Discard Pile

Only the face-up top card of the discard pile is visible. You are not allowed to look through the other cards of the pile.

**Example:** If a *Weaver’s Shop* is among the cards in your hand, it makes sense to place the pasture



region at the periphery. This allows you to place a second pasture region (selected perhaps by means of a *Scout*) when building the next settlement. If you place the *Weaver’s Shop* in between, the production of both pastures doubles.

## Other Rules Additions

### 1. City Expansions

“City expansion” is a new card type in the Theme Sets. Each of these cards has a red text box. You may only place a city expansion card on a building site adjacent to a city. Each city has 4 building sites (2 above, 2 below).

City expansions may only be placed on one of the 4 building sites for a city (2 above & 2 below).



Region expansions are placed above or below a region.



### 2. Region Expansions

“Region expansion” is another new card type. Each of these cards has a brown text box. You may only place a region expansion above or below a region—never on a building site for a settlement/city.

### 3. Removal of Units and Buildings

As the game progresses, you may find that you no longer have empty building sites in your principality. To address this, during your action phase you may remove one of your buildings or units in your principality. This costs you nothing. Place the removed card on the discard pile. If you remove a building you took from the face-up expansion stack, do not place it on the discard pile but return it to the face-up expansion card stack.

## RULES

### 4. Requirements

The Theme Sets introduce cards that have special requirements that must be met before you can play them. The requirements may vary significantly—such as requiring the trade advantage or strength advantage or requiring that another building must already be in your principality. You may use a card only if you and your opponent can meet all requirements indicated in its text. For example, you are not allowed to play the “Archer” card if your opponent does not have a unit with at least 1 strength point and, therefore, cannot remove a unit.



**Example “Requirements:”** Both Trade Master and Staple House require the Merchant Guild. If you want to play the Trade Master action card or build a Staple House, you must have placed a Merchant Guild in your principality.

### 5. Placing Cards Under the Right Stack

When you place a card under a draw stack, you must choose a stack whose cards have the same back as the discarded card. A stack consists of any number of cards. If a stack is totally depleted, you may still place the card at the former stack location and thereby reestablish the stack with 1 card. During the entire course of a game, the number of possibilities to discard a card remains the same.

## End of the Game

You play each Theme Game until a player reaches 12 (or more) victory points during their turn. This player wins the game, no matter how many victory points their opponent has reached at that moment. In addition to victory points counted in the Introductory Game, each victory point symbol on your city expansions is also worth 1 victory point. **Note:** If you already have 12 victory points on your turn before you roll the dice, the game ends immediately and you win.

To summarize: Each settlement is worth 1 victory point and each city 2 victory points. In addition, having the hero token is worth 1 victory point and having the trade token is worth 1 victory point. Finally, each victory point symbol on your city expansions is worth 1 victory point.

## SPECIAL RULES



### 1. The Era of Gold

These two Theme Set draw stacks each contain 11 cards. The face-up expansion card stack consists of the 2 *Merchant Guild* cards. The set contains the region expansion *Gold Cache*.

#### The Era of Gold



This set intensifies the struggle for the trade advantage. Gold resources also become more important—among other things due to another *Toll Bridge*, the *Mint*, and the *Gold Cache*. If you use trade ships to build your trading empire, beware of *Pirate Ships*.

### 2. The Era of Turmoil

These two Theme Set draw stacks each contain 11 cards. The face-up expansion card stack consists of the 2 *Hedge Tavern* cards.

#### The Era of Turmoil



*Traitors*, *Archers*, and *Arsonists* make things harder for the players. When you have the strength advantage, you will find that you have more opportunities to harass your opponent. You also should always try to have enough gold to protect your units from *Riots*.



## RULES

### 3. The Era of Progress

These two Theme Set draw stacks each contain 12 cards. The face-up expansion card stack consists of the two *University* cards.

#### The Era of Progress



*University*, *Three-Field System*, *Mineral Mining*, and *Building Crane* can help you reap the fruits of progress. Unfortunately, the *Plague* doesn't spare Catan. Happy is the player who protects their principality from major losses with *Bath Houses* and *Pharmacies*.

## THE DUEL OF THE PRINCES



Once you have played all 3 Theme Games and are familiar with all of the cards, you are ready to play “The Duel of the Princes.” In this version of the game, you use cards from all 3 Theme Sets and the Basic Set cards. No new rules are added, except for a few changes to the way that the draw stacks and event cards are played.

### Goal of the Game

You play “The Duel of the Princes” until a player reaches 13 victory points on their turn and wins.

### The Draw Stacks

Prepare the Basic Set cards as in the Theme Game: 3 Basic Set draw stacks of 12 cards each. Some of the Theme Set cards are marked with half moon symbols. Remove all of these cards. Shuffle the remaining cards in each Theme Set and place the resulting 3 Theme Set draw stacks next to the 3 Basic Set draw stacks. So the Theme Set draw stacks contain only cards **not** marked with half moons. There are no face-up expansion card stacks in this version of the game.

### The Event Card Stack

Separate out all of the event cards marked with half moons. The event cards without half moons are all used in “The Duel of the Princes”: *Yule*, *Invention*, *Year of Plenty*, *Riots*, *Traveling Merchant*, and *Plague*.

Now, randomly select 6 of the 15 event cards marked with a half moon (remove the remaining 9 from the game). Add the 6 randomly selected “half moon” event cards to the event cards without half moons. Set the *Yule* card aside and shuffle the rest face down. Take 3 of the shuffled cards and place the *Yule* card face down on top of them. Finally, place the remaining cards on top of the *Yule* card.

#### Draw Stacks in

#### The Duel of the Princes:

Remove all cards marked with half moons. They are “out of play.” Place the 3 reduced Theme Set draw stacks next to the 3 Basic Set draw stacks.



#### Event Cards in

#### The Duel of the Princes:

6 randomly selected event cards marked with half moons **and** all of the event cards not marked with a half moon form the event card stack.

# CARD INDEX



## BASIC SET

(94 CARDS: CENTER CARDS, BASIC CARDS, AND EVENT CARDS)

### CENTER CARDS (49 CARDS)

(including starting cards)

- **Regions (24):** 4x each of fields, mountains, gold field, hills, forest, and pasture; 1 card of each type has a red shield back, 1 card of each type has a blue shield back, 2 cards of each type have region backs.
- **Settlements (9):** 9x settlements; 5 cards have settlement backs, 2 cards have red shield backs, 2 cards have blue shield backs.
- **Cities (7):** 7x cities; all 7 cards have city backs.
- **Roads (9):** 9x roads; 7 cards have road backs, 1 card has a red shield back, 1 card has a blue shield back.

Center cards cannot be removed, and your opponent cannot attack them.

### BASIC CARDS (36 CARDS)

(action cards & settlement/city expansions)

### ACTION CARDS (9 CARDS)

**Brigitta the Wise Woman (2):** Play this card before rolling the dice. First choose the result of the production die roll and turn the die so that the chosen side is face up. Then roll the event die and resolve both results



in the usual order. You may not play *Brigitta* retroactively in order to change an inconvenient production die roll result.

**Goldsmith (2):** You may take the gold from different gold fields and/or from the *Gold Cache*.



**Merchant Caravan (2):** You may exchange 2 resources of the same type or 2 different resources. The resources may come from the same or different regions. You may also exchange them for 2 identical resources if it seems reasonable to you. However, you must have at least 2 resources to play the *Merchant Caravan*.



**Relocation (1):** This card can help you to use production boosters (see the next page) more effectively.



**Scout (2):** You may use this card only when you are building a new settlement. At that point, you may play the *Scout* and take 2 regions of your choice from the stack of region cards. Play them as the new regions for the new settlement.



## SETTLEMENT/CITY EXPANSIONS (27)

### BUILDINGS

**Abbey (2):** You may only have 1 *Abbey* in your principality. The *Abbey* has a progress point that allows you to have one more card in your hand. At the end of your turn, replenish your hand accordingly. If you lose the *Abbey*, at the end of your next turn you must meet your reduced card limit, discarding if necessary.



**Marketplace (2):** You may build only 1 *Marketplace* in your principality.

**Example regarding its function:** Your opponent (blue shield) has built the first settlement of the game and receives a fields region with a “3” and the gold field region with a “3”. They now have 2 regions (with the die symbol “3”) more than you. If a later production die roll result is a “3”, you get 1 additional resource that your opponent also has received via this roll: 1 grain, 1 gold, or 1 lumber. If your opponent received a resource via the production die roll but couldn’t accommodate it in the corresponding region because the region was already full, you may still choose this resource.



**Parish Hall (2):** You may only have 1 *Parish Hall* in your principality. (The parenthesis “(from one of your own draw stacks)” refers to the Tournament Game.)



**Storehouse (2):** During a *Brigand Attack* event, the resources to the left and right of a *Storehouse* are not counted. If, despite this, more



than 7 resources are counted in your principality, you may also lose gold and/or wool in a region adjacent to a *Storehouse*.

**Toll Bridge (1):** You must be able to store any gold you receive on your gold fields or a *Gold Cache*. If you only have storage space for 1 or 0 gold, the excess is lost.



**Production booster cards (5):**

**Brick Factory (1);**

**Grain Mill (1);**

**Iron Foundry (1);**

**Lumber Camp (1);**

**Weaver's Shop (1):**

Production boosters have



an effect only if you receive the corresponding resource due to a production die roll at the beginning of a turn. If the affected region has no storage space for the additional resource, the resource is lost.

**Hint:** In the heat of the moment, you may sometimes forget to take the additional resources you received via your production boosters. Placing a coin, or other marker, on your region(s) adjacent to each production booster makes a good reminder.

### UNITS

**Large Trade Ship (1):**

With the *Large Trade Ship*, you can trade the resources produced in the regions to the left or right. You may

**not** combine resources from the right and left regions; you either trade resources from the left region or resources from the right region. However, you may first trade resources from the left region and then resources from the right region.



**“Common” heroes (6):** *Austin (1); Candamir (1); Inga (1); Harald (1); Osmund (1); Siglind (1):*

“Common” heroes only differ in building costs, skill points, and strength points.



**“Common” trade ships (6):** *Brick Ship (1); Grain Ship (1); Lumber Ship (1); Gold Ship (1); Ore Ship (1); Wool Ship (1):*

With a trade ship, you can trade resources of a single specified type at a better rate. The resources you trade may be taken from different regions that are storing resources of the appropriate type. You may use a trade ship several times per turn if you have enough of the appropriate resource.



opponent knows is under which draw stack(s) you placed the cards. Give the remaining cards back to your opponent. Your opponent may not replenish their hand until the end of their next turn.

**Invention (1):** Each player determines which resources to receive and among which regions to distribute them.



**Trade Ships Race (1):** If no player has built a trade ship, no one receives the resource.



**Traveling Merchant (2):** You also may use any gold you have received via the current production die roll.



## EVENT CARDS

(9 CARDS)

**Feud (1):** If the affected player has only 3 or fewer buildings, they are automatically affected. The affected player chooses which one they want to remove. (The parenthesis “(under a matching draw stack of their own)” refers to the Tournament Game.)



**Year of Plenty (2):** If various *Abbeys* and/or *Storehouses* are adjacent to a single region, that region gets one resource for each of these adjacent buildings—provided that the region has sufficient storage space.



**Fraternal Feuds (1):** If you have the strength advantage, your opponent gives you all their cards. You choose two of them and place them under draw stacks whose cards have matching backs. That is, you either place them both at the bottom of the same stack or at the bottom of 2 different draw stacks. (The parenthesis “(under matching draw stacks of their own)” refers to the Tournament Game.) All your



**Yule (1):** If the *Yule* event card is revealed, prepare a new event card stack; then draw a new event card.



**To Prepare an Event Deck—**  
(Use the standard method.)

Keep the *Yule* card separate. Shuffle the remaining event cards. Place 3 cards from the shuffled event cards face down. Place the *Yule* card face down on top of these 3 cards, then place the remaining event cards on top of the *Yule* card.



# THE ERA OF GOLD

(27 CARDS)

## ACTION CARDS

(8 CARDS)

**Brigands (1):** If you don't have the strength advantage, you can't play the *Brigands*. The opponent must give you the requested resources. The opponent decides which regions they want to take these resources from.



**Goldsmith (1):** See Basic Set.

**Guðrun, Terror of the Seas (1):** If you don't have a *Pirate Ship* and/or your opponent has no gold in their regions, you can't play *Guðrun*. Your opponent must give you the gold you requested: at the most, all the gold they own—and no more than you can store in your gold fields (and in your *Gold Cache* if applicable). Your opponent decides which regions they want to take the gold from.



**Merchant (2):** If you have neither a city nor 3 commerce points, you can't play the *Merchant*. If you play the *Merchant*, choose 1 or 2 resources your opponent must give you. The opponent chooses the regions they want to take the resources from. Afterwards, you must give them any 1 resource of your choice in return; this may be a resource you just received from them. If your opponent doesn't have any resources at all, you can't play the *Merchant*.



**Reiner the Herald (1):** When a *Celebration* event is resolved, you normally wouldn't receive a resource when your opponent has more skill points than you. You always get at least 1 resource with this card.



**Trade Master (2):** If you don't have a *Merchant Guild*, you can't play the *Trade Master*. If you play the *Trade Master*, choose 1 or 2 resources that your opponent must give you. The opponent chooses the regions they take the resources from. If your opponent doesn't have any resources at all, you can't play the *Trade Master*.



## REGION EXPANSIONS

(1 CARD)

### EXTRAORDINARY SITES

**Gold Cache (1):** Place the *Gold Cache* above or below any region of your choice. Gold in the *Gold Cache* is safe from the *Brigand Attack* event. You may freely use the gold stored in the *Gold Cache* for actions such as building and trading. If your opponent demands gold from you by playing an action card such as the *Merchant* or *Brigands*, the gold in your *Gold Cache* is also affected.



## SETTLEMENT/CITY EXPANSIONS (5)

### BUILDINGS

**Storehouse (1):** See Basic Set.

**Toll Bridge (1):** See Basic Set.

### UNITS

**Large Trade Ship (1):** See Basic Set.

**Pirate Ship (2):** A *Pirate Ship* sinks an opponent's trade ship only when the *Pirate Ship* is built. (The parenthesis "(on their own discard pile)" refers to the Tournament Game.) If your opponent doesn't have a trade ship, nothing happens. A trade ship that is built later is not affected by an already existing *Pirate Ship*. However, you always receive 1 gold when the *Plentiful Harvest* event is rolled.



## CITY EXPANSIONS

(10 CARDS)

**Harbor (1):** You may build the *Harbor* even if you have fewer than 3 trade ships—even if you have none at all. In this case, only the commerce point counts. If you later have 3 trade ships, the *Harbor* is immediately worth 1 victory point. If you lose a trade ship and thus have fewer than 3 trade ships, you lose the victory point as well. The commerce point remains unaffected.



**Merchant Guild (2):** You may only build 1 *Merchant Guild* in your principality. The *Merchant Guild* is a prerequisite for other



expansion and action cards. If you remove the *Merchant Guild* from your principality, all buildings in your principality that require the *Merchant Guild* remain.

**Moneylender (1):** You may build the *Moneylender* even if you don't have the trade advantage. If your opponent has only 1 resource, it is the only one you get. You may only take resources you can store in your regions. If your regions have no storage space, your opponent keeps their resources.



**Mint (2):** On each of your turns, you may use a *Mint* to trade 1 gold for 1 other resource. If you have built both *Mints*, you may use each *Mint* to trade 1 gold for 1 other resource.



**Salt Silo (1):** You may build the *Salt Silo* even if you don't have trade ships. In this case, only the victory point of the *Salt Silo* counts. If you later have a trade ship, it immediately is worth 2 commerce points, as long as the *Salt Silo* is in your principality.



**Staple House (2):** If you don't have a *Merchant Guild*, you can't build the *Staple House*. First, you must pay the entire cost of the *Staple House*—then you receive any 2 resources of your choice. Therefore, you cannot "offset" the resources you receive after building the *Staple House* against its building costs.



**Trading Base (1):** You may build the *Trading Base* even if you don't have a *Harbor* or *Marketplace*. In this case, only the commerce point and the victory point of the *Trading Base* count. If you later have the *Harbor* and/or the *Marketplace*, each is immediately worth 2 commerce points, as long as the *Trading Base* is in your principality.



## EVENT CARDS

(3 CARDS)

### *Gift for the Prince (1):*

You must be able to store the gold on your gold fields (or in your *Gold Cache* if applicable). If you receive more gold than you can store, the excess is lost.



*Trade Ships Race (1):* See Basic Set.

*Traveling Merchant (1):* See Basic Set.



# THE ERA OF TURMOIL

(28 CARDS)

## ACTION CARDS

(10 CARDS)

**Archer (2):** If you don't have a *Hedge Tavern*, you can't play the *Archer*. If your opponent doesn't have a unit with strength points, you can't play the *Archer* either. Your opponent chooses which of their units they want to remove. (The parenthesis "(under a matching draw stack of their own)" refers to the Tournament Game.)



**Arsonist (2):** If you don't have a *Hedge Tavern*, you can't play the *Arsonist*. If your opponent doesn't have an unprotected building, you can't play the *Arsonist* either. If your opponent wants to use a defense card (*Heinrich the Sentinel*, *Lookout Tower*), you may wait for the dice roll result before determining the *Arsonist's* target. (The parenthesis "(under a matching draw stack of their own)" refers to the Tournament Game.)



**Brigands (1):** See "The Era of Gold."

### *Sebastian the Itinerant Preacher (1):*

You can play this card only at the moment an appropriate event card is revealed. You can't play the card if you already have a *Chapel* that protects you against the *Riots* event. If you have gold, you may choose to use the gold or *Sebastian* to fend off the *Riots*.



**Traitor (2):** If you don't have a *Hedge Tavern*, you can't play the *Traitor*. If your opponent has no cards in their hand, you can't play the *Traitor* either. If applicable, you also may immediately play or build a stolen card. Your opponent draws a replacement for the stolen card at the end of their next turn. If you don't like your opponent's cards, you may refrain from taking one of them—however, the *Traitor* is placed on the discard pile anyway.



## Voyage of Plunder (2):

If you don't have the strength advantage, you can't play *Voyage of Plunder*. If your opponent has no resources at all for you to accommodate in your regions, you are not allowed to play the card.



## Irmgard, Keeper of the Light (1):

Irmgard is a heroine who, in addition to her skill points, has a special effect. You receive a resource whenever an action card of your opponent or an event forces you to remove an expansion card from your principality. If Irmgard herself is removed, you don't receive a resource.



## SETTLEMENT/CITY EXPANSIONS (5)

### BUILDINGS

## Drill Ground (1):

The building costs for heroes are reduced by any 1 resource of your choice. The *Drill Ground* does not affect any units other than heroes.



## Lookout Tower (1):

If you also have *Heinrich the Sentinel* in your principality, you are protected when a 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 is rolled. If the *Lookout Tower* is combined with *Heinrich the Sentinel*, the die is still rolled only once.



### UNITS

## Carl Forkbeard (1):

See Basic Set: "Common" heroes.



**Heinrich the Sentinel (1):** Heinrich is a hero who, in addition to his strength points, has a special effect. If you also have a *Lookout Tower* in your principality, you are protected when a 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 is rolled. If Heinrich is combined with the *Lookout Tower*, the die is still rolled only once.



## CITY EXPANSIONS (9 CARDS)

**Chapel (2):** The result of the current production die roll applies (that is, the dice are not re-rolled). One of the two *Chapels* protects you against the event *Riots* when a 1, 2, or 3 is rolled, while the other *Chapel* protects you against this event when a 4, 5, or 6 is rolled. If you have both *Chapels*, you are protected against the *Riots* event in all cases.



**Fairgrounds (1):** First, you must pay the entire cost of the *Fairgrounds*—then you receive any 2 resources of your choice. Therefore, you cannot "offset" the resources you receive after building the *Fairgrounds* against its building costs. You may build the *Fairgrounds* even if you don't have the most skill points. However, in that case, you don't receive resources.



**Fire Brigade (2):** The *Fire Brigade* protects all buildings (settlement/city expansions and city expansions) in the city where the *Fire Brigade* is placed, including the *Fire Brigade* itself.





**Hedge Tavern (2):** You may only have 1 *Hedge Tavern* in your principality. The *Hedge Tavern* is a prerequisite for many action-attack cards.



**Large Festival Hall (1):** This card is worth 2 victory points.



**Tithe Barn (1):** When you build the *Tithe Barn*, choose a resource type—either wool or grain. For each of your heroes, you receive 1 resource of the chosen type.



If you have 3 heroes, you thus get either 3 wool or 3 grain. You must be able to store the received resources in your regions. If you receive more resources than you can store, the excess is lost.

## ACTION CARDS

(4 CARDS)

**Feud (1):** See Basic Set.

**Fraternal Feuds (1):**  
See Basic Set.

**Riots (2):** If you have enough gold but don't want to pay, you may voluntarily decide to remove 1 unit. Removed units must be placed under matching stacks. (The parenthesis “(under a matching draw stack of their own)” refers to the Tournament Game.)



# THE ERA OF PROGRESS

(31 CARDS)

## EVENT CARDS

(11 CARDS)

**Benjamin the Traveling Scholar (1):** If you have *Benjamin* in your hand, you should make a mental note of the production roll result. If you later build a new settlement and play *Benjamin*, you may get resources in your new regions due to *Benjamin*—provided the region's number matches the production roll result. Expansion cards (e.g., production boosters) that increase a region's production are not applicable to the effects of *Benjamin*.



**Brigitta the Wise Woman (1):** See Basic Set.

**Doctor (2):** If you don't have a *Bath House*, you can't play the *Doctor*.



**Guido the Ambassador (1):**

If you don't have a *Town Hall*, you may play *Guido* only in case you have fewer victory points than your opponent. You may also immediately play the card you take from the discard pile—if possible. (The parenthesis “(from your opponent's discard pile)” refers to the Tournament Game.)







# RULES

## The Starting Setup



- ### Turn Sequence
- 1. Roll Dice:** Produce resources & resolve event die results.
  - 2. Action Phase:** Play cards from your hand or center stacks. Trade 3:1.
  - 3. Replenish Hand:** Refill your hand to 3 cards. +1 card for each progress point (●).
  - 4. Exchange 1 Card:** Take any top card for free, or pay 2 resources to look.

## Event Die Results



**Brigand Attack:** First, any player who has more than 7 resources loses all their gold and wool supplies. Then, players receive resources.



**Trade:** First, players receive resources. Then, if one of the players has the trade advantage token, they receive 1 resource of their choice from their opponent.



**Plentiful Harvest:** First, players receive resources. Then, each player receives 1 resource of their choice.



**Celebration:** First, players receive resources. Then, if one player has the most skill points (●), that player alone receives 1 resource of their choice. Otherwise, each player receives 1 resource of their choice.



**Event Card:** The player who rolled the dice draws the topmost event card and reads the event aloud. All players affected by the event resolve the event (this can be none, one, or both players).